



# THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

VOLUME XVII. No. 52

EMPRESS, ALTA. THURSDAY, May 29, 1930

Price: \$2.00 Per Year.

## United Church

Church School, 10.30 a.m.  
Public Worship, 11.30 a.m.  
Subject: "The Ancestress."  
Text: "He was taken up and a cloud received him out of their sight."  
Leland, 2.30 p.m.  
Social Plans, 7.30 p.m.  
You are invited to worship with us.  
Rev. Geo. A. Shields,  
Minister.

## Castle Coombe Mission

11 a.m., Mayfield Hall.  
12.00 o'clock, Sunday School.  
3 p.m., Wainfleet School.  
7 p.m., Trossley School.  
—B. A. Cameron, Student Missionary United Church.

### IN MEMORIAM

In sacred and loving memory of Frank Wellington Barry, dearly beloved husband and father, who passed away four years ago. May his soul, and the souls of all the departed, Rest in Peace.—Mrs. F. Barry and Family.

The Bindloss ball team met and defeated the Acadia Valley team in a heavy scoring game on the Empress diamond on Monday evening. The final score was 20 to 8 runs. Later in the evening a dance was held in the theatre under the auspices of the ball club, at which some fifty couples were present. An enjoyable time was spent. Music was rendered by Chell's orchestra.

## EMPRESS THEATRE

### Friday and Saturday "THE KISS"

STARRING

## Greta Garbo

with  
Conrad Nagel, Holmes Herbert

One of Garbo's biggest achievements! A wife torn by desperate passion, flaring into tragedy in an unforgettable scene, she strives for and achieves re-generation in a gorgeous gesture of self-sacrifice.

SHOW COMMENCES AT 8.30 SHARP

## MOTORISTS

See us for DISTILLED WATER requirements. Good supply always in stock in handy containers  
**SPORTING GOODS REQUIREMENTS**  
We will be pleased to service your needs in the Sporting Goods line and endeavor to secure you best quality and service

Floral agents for: Swift Current, Medicine Hat, Calgary, Saskatoon, Regina and Edmonton Florists. We order from the nearest point.

## EMPRESS DRUG CO.



## One Road to Independence

Alberta 4 /

## Demand Savings Certificates

DENOMINATIONS, \$5.00 TO \$10,000.00  
PAYABLE ON DEMAND

For Further Particulars write or apply to

W. V. NEWSON  
Provincial Treasurer  
Parliament Buildings, EDMONTON, ALBERTA

## Cecil Dwinell Passes Away

There was much regret expressed at the unexpected passing away of Cecil Dwinell, 14-year-old son of Mrs. Milton Leach. The funeral service was held on Saturday afternoon and was conducted by Rev. Geo. Shields. There was present a large number of sympathizing friends and neighbors. Interment took place in the Mayfield cemetery.

## Mother and Daughter Banquet

The Junior Group of the Canadian Girls in Training, under the leadership of Mrs. Geo. A. Shields, entertained their Mothers at a delightfully prepared banquet on Monday evening at the United Church Sunday School room. The room and table were decorated with white and blue streamers. Altogether the table was set for twenty-two persons.

After dinner the girls in turn gave short speeches. Mrs. Anderson also spoke on "What the C.G.I.T. should share with the church." These speeches were interspersed with various C.G.I.T. songs. Then all joined in a sing-song of rounds, etc.

Before the conclusion of the evening's entertainment, a social time was spent in games. This bringing to an end a very enjoyable evening.

## Empire Day Celebration

The Empire Day celebration at the School, was a pleasing success. A large number of citizens gathered outside the school in cars, to listen to the program which had been prepared, and which all conceded to be one of the best presented. "O Canada,"

Salute to the Flag.  
Recitation, Joe Balewicz.  
Song, the Maple Leaf.  
Recitation, James Usher.  
Song, Junior Rooms.  
Recitation, Grace Clott.  
Song, "Welcome Sweet Springtime."  
Recitation, Violet Morrison.  
Presentation of prizes.  
"God Save the King."  
Serving of Ice Cream.

A few well chosen remarks on "the goal of the student" were incorporated in a short address by Principal A. D. Bierweg. He voiced the appreciation of the school on the encouragement received from the I.O.D.E.

Messdames A. K. McNeill and J. N. Anderson were in charge of the musical training of the school.

The awards to classroom students were as follows:  
Grades VI, VII, and VIII:  
History prize, Joseph Balewick, 82 p.c.

General proficiency: Grade VI, Melville Boswell. Grade VII, Russell Boswell. Grade VIII, Vera Morrison.  
Grades III, IV, V: History prize: Dorothy McGuire, 80 p.c.  
General proficiency: Grade III, Lillian Westburg. Grade IV, Harvey Boswell. Grade V, Louise Alton.  
Grades I and II: Arithmetic. Connie McCune.  
General proficiency: Grade I, Kenneth Hopkins. Grade II, Louise Anderson.

High School  
General proficiency: Grade IX, Kenneth Boswell. Grade X, Forrest Frost. Grade XI, Newell Alton.  
History (all grades): Newell Alton.

The Empress ball team were visitors to Bindloss on Friday last and succeeded in beating the Bindloss ball team by a score of 14 to 1 in the first league game of the series.

## The Empress BAKERY

Get Your Bread, Cakes and Pastry from us.

Town Deliveries made if required.

Bread 10c a Loaf

## MURRAY The Baker

## HOME TAILORING

Hand-Tailored Suits made from your own choice of cloth

Also semi-ready Suitings for youths and men. Good range of patterns and sample cloths on hand.

Cleaning, Pressing and Repairs

See me for any job of Tailoring. We aim to please.

Emil Krampitz, the Tailor

Workshop on South side of road opposite from Hotel.

## Mrs. Jessie Caldwell, B.A., First Woman of Univ. Senate

Signal Honor for Former Local Girl, Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Rowles

Saskatoon, May 22.—For the first time in the history of the University of Saskatchewan a woman has been elected to the senate of that institution. She is Mrs. Jessie Caldwell, B.A., of Cabri, Sask., representing Westburn district.

Mrs. Caldwell, formerly Miss Jessie Rowles, graduated in arts from the University here in 1924.

Ballot papers to fill vacancies in the senate were mailed from the university today. In the majority of cases election has been by acclamation. There is a vacancy for a representative of the dentists of the province. The candidates are S. Myer, D.D.S., Saskatoon, and P. W. Winthrop, D.D.S., Rose- town, Sask. No nomination having been received for a representative of the architects, Prof. A. R. Greig will continue to hold office until a successor is appointed. The date of the election is June 9.

Those elected by acclamation are Moose Jaw district, J. W. Sifton, B.A., Saskatoon district, G. R. Peterson, M.D., F.R.C.S., Moosemin district, Judge A. G. Farrel, B.A.; Saskatoon Pharmacists, Robert Martin, Regina, accountants, W. E. Hodges, F.C.A., Moose Jaw; physicians, J. A. Valens, M.D., Saskatoon; Barristers, A. E. Bone, K.C., Saskatoon; engineers, A. S. Carpenter, Regina.

Following the appearance of the above announcement, Mr. and Mrs. Rowles have been recipients of congratulations on behalf of the honour conferred on their daughter and every-one acquainted with the family has evinced pleasure in the announcement.

## Report of Cream Prices

For the week ending May 17, 1930, the following prices were reported paid by creameries per pound of butterfat, in several grades of cream, and at the points shown:

Jasper Dairy, special grade, 30c, No. 1, 28c, No. 2, 25c.  
Ponoka Creamery, special grade, 30c, No. 1, 28c, No. 2, 25c.  
Minimum: Special grade, 28c, No. 1, 26c, No. 2, 23c.

The Leland community held their annual picnic at the big grounds on Saturday, May 24. There was a large attendance present from neighboring districts. The day was windy and dusty which more or less spoiled the day's sports, which included baseball, football, football and running races, etc. An enjoyable dance was held in the evening.

## Third Fortnightly Crop Report, May 23, 1930

During the first week of the past fortnight, the weather was generally clear, with slightly higher temperatures prevailing. Local rains occurred in the southern and eastern parts of the Province. High winds were of frequent occurrence and some damage resulted due to soil drifting.

On May 20th, a heavy wind swept over the central portion of the Province particularly from Olds to Lacombe and eastward, doing damage to crops in the Edmonton district. The wind was followed by rain and snow, the greatest snow being reported from the area lying North of Edmonton, though not extending to the Peace River district. A large area to the south east of this city received a supply of much needed moisture. At present all parts of the province report sufficient moisture for immediate needs. Frost has done considerable damage to trees, shrubs and ornamental plants, but only slight damage to Field Crops.

All wheat is seeded and 75 p.c. above ground. Oat seeding is complete with the exception of oats for green feed, and barley is 75 p.c. sown. Growth is slow but the grain is of good color and establishing a good root system. The crop has gone in evenly and having sufficient moisture for germination is away to a good start.

All spring rye and 90 p.c. of sugar beets is seeded. There is a slight increase in the area devoted to sugar beets.

Weeds are unusually bad in early sown fields. Slight damage is reported due to wire worms and cut worms.

Correspondents generally agree that an increased acreage has been sown of sweet clover, alfalfa and grasses. Hay and pasture crops are making excellent growth and livestock is progressing favorably.

### Strayed

to W. 12-24-29 w. 8. One Black Mare, about 8 years of age, about 850 lbs., no visible brand, has tall trimmed short. Call Barker, Empress, P.O. 3p.

for your  
Vacation  
this Summer



A few weeks hence you may enjoy a vacation with a thousand thrills in the beautiful scenery of the Canadian Rockies, Pacific Coast, Alaska, West Coast Vancouver Island, Eastern Canada, or even Overseas.

## GOING PLACES AND SEEING THINGS

### PACIFIC COAST EASTERN CANADA

CHOICE OF THREE PICTURESCAPE ROUTES THROUGH THE ROCKIES

TICKETS MAY BE ROUTED VIA THE GREAT LAKES

on payment \$10.00 additional for Berth and Meals

STOPOVER AT RENOWNED RESORTS

No expensive Side Trips necessary

Hotels are on the line, and in the heart of magnificent Scenery.

ALASKA

Visit the Mytic Northland in a palatial Princess Line

From Vancouver and return

LOW FARES TO \$90

Returns Limit Oct. 31, 1930

THREE TRAINS DAILY

The Delcor Trans-Canada Limited

The Imperial The Dominion

WEST COAST VANCOUVER ISLAND

A cruise historically interesting and extremely

scenic

From Victoria and return

MAY 22 TO SEPTEMBER 30

UNITED STATES

Here the Canadian Pacific Agent give you full particulars

Canadian Pacific

World's Greatest Trans-Canada Express  
Carry Canadian Pacific Express Transfers Everywhere and the World Over

## No other Orange Pekoe can equal this in flavour



'Fresh from the gardens'

### Cause For National Gratification

Profound satisfaction will be felt by the people of Western Canada, in common with the rest of the world, in the successful outcome of the Five Power naval conference in London, England. That satisfaction is all the greater, and the feeling of relief more pronounced, because of the many predictions freely made during the progress of the conference that its results would be nil, and quite abortive in the realization of the hopes in which it was conceived.

Because there were many conflicting viewpoints to be reconciled, many difficulties to be overcome, and the conference ran on month after month, the pessimists told an anxiously awaiting world that nothing would be accomplished because nothing could be, that the nations were still at the suspicious of each other that they were afraid to disarm in even the slightest degree; that the old game was still being played with each nation trying to get some advantage at the expense of others.

But with the signing of an agreement by the three greatest naval powers, and acceptance of a portion of the agreement by the next two naval powers, the dire prophecies of the pessimists have been proven foundationless. Instead, the splendid optimism, the unflinching patience and courage of Ramsay MacDonald have triumphed, and a great forward step taken along the road to permanent world peace.

After a world war lasting more than four years, why should people have become discouraged and foreseen failure because a period of three months was required in discussion of the many knotty problems confronting the naval conference before a solution was found?

The British Commonwealth of Nations, the United States of America, and the Empire of Japan have found themselves whereby they undertake to reduce their naval armament and expenditures and voluntarily impose restrictions on themselves. The number, size and armament of ships of war is limited. And who, a few short years ago would have imagined it possible all five powers agree that information will be given to each by all the others of the vessels it is building in replacement of obsolete, abandoned and destroyed ships. This is not preparation for war, but for the maintenance of peace.

But the great achievement of the conference is not to be found so much in the actual reductions decided upon, or the limitations of actions voluntarily assumed, as it is in the established fact that the policy of friendly consultation between nations has been given an impetus which will undoubtedly grow. This more than anything else must all the world with hope for the future.

The conference has also established beyond all possibility of dispute that no matter how far the leaders of a nation may be prepared to go in the matter of disarmament, they can only proceed as far as public opinion at home will support them in going. The belief is general that the conference would have gone to even greater lengths in disarmament had the various representatives there felt assured of support at home, and that their very willingness to make concessions would not be used to overthrow the whole project when referred for final ratification by their national assemblies.

The great lesson of the conference for all peace-loving people is, therefore, the vital necessity of an awakened and informed public opinion, every land on the actual subject of war and preparation for war, rather than preparation for peace. Once again has it been demonstrated by this naval conference that no Government can move very far in advance of public opinion, no matter how loudly it may profess by which it is inspired or praiseworthy the object sought to be attained.

It is the rank and file, the great mass of the people who must be peace-minded. It is the masses who must be informed and taught to shed their suspicions and animosities. The more ardent advocates of peace the peoples of all nations become, the more quickly will their recognized leaders and responsible statesmen write those wishes into solemn agreements and binding treaties.

Canadians, perhaps more than any other people in the world, have cause for thankfulness and rejoicing in the reaching of a novel understanding between the British Commonwealth, the United States and Japan. We are part and parcel of the British Commonwealth, while our nearest neighbors are the United States and Japan. With the former we have much in common, with the latter by reason of our geographical position we must have ever increasing intercourse, any misunderstanding between the United States and Japan could hardly fail to react with injury to us. That all are in accord is cause for deep gratification in Canada.

### Should Finish Studies

#### In Canadian University

British students who settle here would find it helpful.

British students who wish to settle in Canada should complete their studies in Canadian universities. This is the conclusion arrived at by Dr. Cyril Norwood, headmaster of Harrow, and chief of the party of headmasters of British public schools who are now touring Canada.

Dr. Norwood has based his conclusions on a study of the Canadian universities the party visited in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. He believes the future would see more Canadian students at Oxford, Cambridge, and London, but felt that the United Kingdom would be a more desirable place for the education of the children of the research centre of the empire.

Iceland's foreign trade is increasing.

### Headache

Let Minard's drive it away. Bathe the forehead. Also inhale liniment, best of the world.

**MINARD'S LINIMENT**  
"KING OF PAIN"

W. N. U. 1835

### Queer Insects In Peru

#### Certain Type of Ant Is Used In Surgical Way

There are surgical ant martyrs in Peru. Advances from an expedition of the Field Museum tell that when a native of the equatorial forest is wounded, he gets a certain type of ant with powerful jaws. The ant is made to bite several edges of the skin and bring them together. The surgeon loses his life in healing.

After he bites his body is snipped off and his head with its death grip on the skin remains till the wound is healed.

### Heal The Sprain with Minard's

#### Africa Has Aerial Studio

'Plane Was Especially Built For Mapping Country'

Built especially for the photographing of an area of 63,000 square miles in Northern Rhodesia, an airplane is soon to be put into commission. The machine is literally an aerial photographic studio. It can be flown to a height of 20,000 feet and remain at this altitude for seven and one-half hours while the pilot and photographer map the country below. As most of the flights will be over a wild country the 'plane has two engines so that if one fails the other will carry the machine to safety.

German scientists have succeeded in obtaining electric current from storm clouds in a Swiss mountain and controlling the sparks produced.

Seventy pieces of wood go into the making of a violin.

### Discovery Of Danish Farmers

Sale Of Milk By The Foot Is a Possibility

Milk will shortly be on sale by the foot, following important experiments at a Danish farm.

It has been found that when the natural water is withdrawn from cow's milk the remaining pulp substance can be rolled into sheets similar in appearance to paper.

Special machines have been made to carry out this rolling process on Danish lines, and the milk becomes so highly concentrated that it is a food in itself.

When required in liquid form it is simply dissolved in boiling water and its strength gauged by the amount of water added.

### OWES HER HEALTH

#### TO PINK PILLS

This Weak Anemic Woman Now Rejoices In Health and Strength

It is a scientific fact that nearly all the ills that afflict women are due to poor, thin blood. This anemia is the one cause of low vitality, languor, loss of appetite, breathlessness and aches and pains. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, for it is a known fact that these pills create an abundance of new rich blood—their wonderful reputation is well known.

Proof of these statements is given by Mrs. L. Deschamps, La Chaux-de-Fonds, Switzerland. "Before I began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I was in a very poor condition. I appeared to be almost bloodless, had frequent headaches, and my stomach would leave me breathless and worn out. My husband advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and for me they were a revelation. I noticed an improvement in my condition, and as I continued taking the pills my blood became better and I steadily grew stronger. I still today I am enjoying the best of health. My appetite is better and I sleep more soundly at night. All this I owe to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I unhesitatingly recommend them to all who are in need of better blood."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills at all drug stores or they will be sent by mail at 50 cents a box by writing the Dr. Williams' Medical Co., Brockton, Ont.

### Canada Has Exclusive Method

#### Quality Of Canned Goods Must Be Marked On Label

Canada is the only country in the world so far to require the quality of canned goods to be clearly marked on the label so that the housewife can buy with the assurance that she is getting what she wants. Under the provisions of the Meat and Canned Foods Act, administered by the Fruit Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, there are four quality grades: "Fancy," "Choice," "Standard," and "Second." Always buy by the quality mark! A slogan can now be applied to home buying with a real value.

Perian Balm is unrivaled for promoting feminine loveliness. Tones and rejuvenates the skin. Makes eyes exquisitely soft-textured. Makes hands delicately white. Specially recommended to soothe and relieve roughness or chafing caused by wet conditions. Indispensable to every dainty woman. Cool and refreshing. Delicately fragrant. Magnified in results. Never loses a vestige of its efficacy. Perian Balm is the one toilet requisite for the woman who cares for charm and elegance.

Canada's Forest Area

The total forest area of Canada is estimated to be 1,151,654 square miles. Of this area, 855,880 square miles are productive and accessible; a little over one third of this area bears timber of merchantable size; the remainder carries young growth not yet fit for use.

A railroad in Japan provides three class sleeping cars for its poorest patrons.

For RICHER CREAMER SMOOTHER RESULTS Cooks Use

For RICHER CREAMER SMOOTHER RESULTS Cooks Use

For RICHER CREAMER SMOOTHER RESULTS Cooks Use

For RICHER CREAMER SMOOTHER RESULTS Cooks Use

For RICHER CREAMER SMOOTHER RESULTS Cooks Use

For RICHER CREAMER SMOOTHER RESULTS Cooks Use

For RICHER CREAMER SMOOTHER RESULTS Cooks Use

For RICHER CREAMER SMOOTHER RESULTS Cooks Use

For RICHER CREAMER SMOOTHER RESULTS Cooks Use

For RICHER CREAMER SMOOTHER RESULTS Cooks Use

### Do Your Ears Buzz

#### With Loud Noises?

This is an infallible sign of Catarrh, and if not checked may result in partial deafness. The simplest remedy is CATARRHOZONE. It takes his soothing vapor a few times daily, and it prevents Catarrh from spreading. Head noises, buzzing and ringing in the ears are soon corrected by CATARRHOZONE. Nasty nose-discharges are stopped. Sore, inflamed crusts are healed. Ditching mucus which drops back from nose to the stomach is free of way. Headaches depart. The breath is purified. You will be free from colds, coughs, sore throat and catarrh if you use CATARRHOZONE. Two months' treatment \$1.00; small size, 50c. At all dealers.

### Boosting For Canada

#### Many Cities In Britain Have Held "Canada Week"

There has not been much said in Canadian newspapers about the city of Bristol's "Canada Week," and the events which have been taken more notice of than it was.

Bristol is a city of 400,000 people. It has just had a "Canada Week," which consisted of a campaign for the buying of goods made in Canada. Pages of newspaper advertising space, posters, window displays of Canadian merchandise, and other forms of publicity were given to our products, and the cumulative results have meant the selling of many thousands of dollars worth of goods, besides the value of introducing lines of "Canadian goods" to Bristol purchasers for the first time.

Glasgow, with a population of over a million, and several other big cities, have had "Canada Weeks," and Canada must have derived a large amount of permanent benefit from such gestures of good-will deserving the practical approval of Canadians.

There is a great deal more boosting of Dominion products in Great Britain than there is of English products over here. The Empire Marketing board spends about \$500,000 the promotion of the sale of Empire goods in the British Isles.

We sell a vast quantity of merchandise over there, and then spend most of our money in buying United States goods. Established a year, the moon turns into cheese before a "Canada Week" is staged in one of the big cities over the border.

Miller's Worm Powders do not need the after-help of castor oil or any purgative to complete their thoroughness, because they are thorough in themselves. One dose of them and they will be found palatable by all children, will end the worm trouble by making the stomach and bowels unattractive to the parasites. And not only this, but the powder will be certain to exert most beneficial influence in the digestive organs.

### Has No Known Parallel

#### Two British Families Have Produced Outstanding Men For Generations

The death of Earl of Balfour recalls the fact that for centuries two British families have produced big men for generation after generation—the Cecil and the Churchill.

There is no known parallel for this in any other land or in any other age.

The Pitts, father and son, were promoters of Great Britain but it ended there, and of practically all other men of note in the old land the descendants have not attained any other honor save that of carrying a big name.

If it be true that the mother transmits mentality, then the Cecil and Churchill men must have an uncanny habit of selecting unusual wives.

Established a record.

Thirty-two years on a water wagon is a record of civic service which will take some driving, and when there is added to that a service of over 29 years, as beater of the town's team, during which he missed only one fire, and the record of John Toner of Fort Hope, Ont., seems to be complete.

### Chicken Canney

The construction of a \$25,000 chicken canney to be operated in connection with the B.C. Egg Poultry and with other poultry raising concerns of the Fraser Valley, is planned for New Westminster. It will be a private venture.

One of the most thrilling drives in the mountains of Western Canada is along the new motor road to the top of Mount Revelstoke, in Mount Revelstoke National Park, a reservation of 100 square miles in British Columbia.

The polar bear has hair on the soles of his feet, which helps it to avoid skidding on the ice.

Minard's Checks Fulfill Hail.

### Millions Dedicated

#### To Humanity's Service

Huge Sum Set Aside By Mayo Bros. For Medical Education and Research

The millions of dollars that Doctors William and Charles Mayo have made through their world-famous clinic at Rochester, Minn., will not go to their families when the two great surgeons die.

Instead this money—the "holly money," as the brothers call it, now totaling in the neighborhood of \$12,000,000—will be dedicated to humanity's service through the Mayo Foundation for Medical Education and Research, affiliated with the University of Minnesota.

Meanwhile the two brothers have put themselves on "salaries" which do not amount annually to nearly half of their incomes. All of their incomes above these salaries goes to the foundation, to train surgeons for the future.

Dr. William Mayo was asked on what basis he and his brother have fixed their charges.

"That, too, was something my brother and I discussed long," he said, "When money began to come in and pile up so fast it frightened us, we had to meet that problem. The thought of reducing fees generally had to be dismissed. We could not pauperize our own profession. There are thousands of physicians and surgeons who need the income from what are becoming accepted as standard fees.

"But we could do something that we did. We solved the fee accordance with the patient's means. And we gave the same treatment to man without a cent that we give to the millionaire. A man's financial standing has nothing to do with the treatment he gets from us. But it has everything to do with what we charge him.

The Friend Of All Sufferers—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is a valuable remedy to all those who suffer pain. It holds out hope to everyone and realizes it by stilling suffering everywhere. It is a liniment that has been used for half a century. It is on sale everywhere and can be found wherever required for.

### Curious Twist Of History

Anyone with an eye for the curious twists of history must be interested in the fact that Primo De Riva, ex-actor of Spain, was kept alive for many years past by insulin, developed in the New World, which was discovered by a man financed by the Spanish Court, nearly four and a half centuries ago.

It is estimated that there are 200,000 drug addicts in the United States.

The star-fish has no nose, but the whole of its underside is endowed with the sense of smell.

### Be Certain of SAFETY

#### Build with Gyproc

#### FIRE can hurl your home to destruction

unless a fire-resistant material such as the new Ivory coloured Gyproc Wallboard is used in its construction.

Inexpensive, permanent, easy to apply, Gyproc Wallboard does not burn. It is exactly what you want for fire-safe walls, ceilings and partitions when you build, remodel or repair.

Ask our dealer today for full information on Gyproc Wallboard or send for interesting free book, "Building and Remodelling with Gyproc."

GYPSUM, LIME AND ALABASTER, CANADA, LIMITED

Winnipeg, Manitoba

THE NEW IVORY

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard

Fireproof Wallboard



### W HAT unexpected spaciousness

#### in the Cunard Tourist Third Cabin Dining Room, typical of the accommodation on this popular class' intimate little tables, laden with flowers, spotless napery, and a menu of endless variety and astonishing generosity! Tourist Third Cabin rates adjusted. Cabin Class rates revised. Ask for information.

Weekly sailings from Montreal and Quebec.

Book through The Canada Line, 270 Main Street, Tel. 26-84-12, or House and Fire Building, Portage Ave., Winnipeg, Tel. 2-907 or 2-908-11-11.

CUNARD CANADIAN SERVICE

CANADIAN TOURIST THIRD CABIN-THIRD CLASS

Planning Big Air Field

Winnipeg May Have Consolidated Land and Sea Plane Airport

Plans now being formulated by a special committee of the Industrial Development Board of Manitoba aim to provide Winnipeg with one of the most unique and best equipped consolidation land and sea plane airports on the continent. The plans, which have been approved by the Department of Aviation at Ottawa, include an air field 3,000 acres in extent with an artificial lake about two miles in diameter.

Don't be without Douglas' Egyptian Liniment. Keep it always handy. Relieves toothache, neuralgia, sore throat, quinsy, and croup. Invaluable for rheuma, sprains, barbers' itch and Ringworm.

A plane carrying twenty passengers has set a record by flying from Paris to London in 95 minutes.

More than 2,000 women are studying medicine in German universities.

## Antipodes Desire Better Trade Understanding With the Dominions

Victoria, B.C.—Better trade understanding between the dominions will be the slogan of the delegates from the Antipodes to the Young Imperial Press Conference when the notable convalesce on the London, England, in June.

Twelve delegates representing the press of New Zealand and Australia, who arrived here aboard the liner "Niagara," are impressed by the need of close contact and better trade relations between the peoples of the British Dominions, and with this impression firmly fixed in their minds, they will strive for action to bring about and cement such an objective.

While the majority of the visitors are favorable to trade within the Empire, they are not enthusiastic over the inter-imperial trade policy of Lord Beaverbrook, which they claim, in some respects, to be unworkable.

It seems to be the impression among the press visitors that too much scrapping exists among the dominions over trade matters. Constant bickerings arising out of alleged advantages and disadvantages of trade and inequalities of trade agreements should not be difficult to overcome by frank and open discussion of points at issue, it is observed by the visitors.

The desire particularly exists for closer trade relations between Canada and the Antipodes, it was noted by the delegates, favoring the treaty existing between this country and the sister dominions of the southern seas.

## Athlete From West Again In Limelight

Ethel Catherwood Training For Sports' Event In Toronto

Toronto, Ont.—After a long lay-off Ethel Catherwood, from Saskatoon, who set the athletic world talking when she came out of the west three years ago, is returning to high jumping activities shortly. The holder of the girls' world record of five feet three inches, made at the 1924 Olympic games, had hoped to meet only once since her return from Amsterdam, and then only give an exhibition at the Coliseum in the following February. Last summer she spied herself while training and the world was long in hearing of her out of all the meets. She will give a special exhibition at the Shriner's sports in June. When she was in "Alb" Catherwood will look after her training at Hampden Park.

**Japanese Royalty Starts Tour**  
Yokohama, Japan.—Japan's Imperial newswomen, Prince and Princess Takamasa, sailed from this port, aboard the "Kasuga Maru," for Europe, on a honeymoon, which will last over a year, and will embrace the globe. They will visit the courts of Europe and will spend ten days in Canada, probably before sailing for home, from some Pacific port, around May 1, 1931.

**Looking For Honors**  
Geneva.—Venezuela representative at the League of Nations headquarters here asked that, if his country should have next turn in the following of the president of the league, his request was referred for decision to the next session of the league council.

## Trouble In India Is Becoming More Serious According To Reports

Bombay, India.—British authority is confronted with an increasing grave situation in India. Serious rioting and fighting with troops was reported in widely-separated sections of the Empire as the anti-government movement spread. An Indian rebel, armed with two revolvers, was killed at Chittagong, after grave disorders at Peshawar—thousands of miles to the west.

At Peshawar, important outpost near the entrance to Khyber Pass, one or more British soldiers and 20 native rioters were killed, reports said, when a mob protested arrest of several anti-government agitators.

Lahore dispatches, however, reported that the outbreak was suppressed only when Gurkha troops poured machine-gun and rifle fire into the mob, which had held up an ar-

## C.N.R. To Be Reconstructed

Endorsement Of Amalgamation Of All Companies Is Expected

Ottawa, Ont.—The reconstruction of the financial structure of the Canadian National Railways will be started from this session of parliament with the passage of a bill to amalgamate into one corporate body all the various companies which now make up the C.N.R. Information to this effect came from the Department of Railways and Canals. It is not expected, however, that the further steps of consolidating the various financial issues and otherwise reorganizing the whole financial structure will be proceeded with this year.

The bill to consolidate the companies, it is believed, will not be contentious and will go through with little discussion, but to deal with the financial structure would take a great deal of time, even if the preparations were far enough advanced, which includes the bill to amend the constitution. If there is to be a general election this year, legislation taking up the going of the various bondholders.

Received By King George

Canadian Minister To France Has Interview At Windsor Castle

London, Eng.—Canada's minister to France, Hon. Philippe Roy, was received by the King at Windsor Castle, where he spent 20 minutes chatting with His Majesty, mostly about Canada.

Roy was surprised at the health and vigor of the King. Mr. Roy said after the interview, "It was formerly a doctor and then able to judge. I think the King is in better health than has been for many years."

Mr. Roy told His Majesty that the first time he saw him was when he (Roy) was a student at Laval University in Montreal in 1891 and the King an officer on a British ship then visiting Canada.

The Canadian minister has seen King George on several occasions since but this was the first opportunity of speaking to him since his appointment as Canadian minister in Paris.

## Ship Enters Wrong Port

Orders Mixed And Seattle Cargo

Seattle, B.C.—One often hears of persons getting into wrong hotel rooms, but seldom hears of a vessel getting into a wrong port. The oil tanker "Los Alamos," bound from San Pedro to Seattle, arrived here and was the least agent for orders. The master of the vessel soon found out, however, that somebody had blundered and his cargo was bound for Seattle, not Vancouver. He and his vessel got out of port on the same tide.

The agents are trying to find out who blundered. A "bad half-hour" is promised for someone.

**France Denies Report**

Paris.—Information appearing in newspapers of foreign countries to the effect that France would build a new cruiser of 27,000 tons, armed with eight guns of 12-inch calibre, has been officially denied.

## Federal Election This Year Is Unlikely

Only Chance Would Be Definite Challenge From Opposition

Ottawa, Ont.—With members returning to Ottawa after the Easter recess the question of a Federal general election within the next few months is being actively canvassed. In the past fortnight there has been a great deal of election talk. Many forecasts of an election in early or early August have been made.

Careful inquiry among ministers here in the past few days shows clearly that no decision has been made in regard to an election and that failing a definite challenge to the government, or its legislative policy, the election is almost certain to be deferred until next year.

To hold an election this year, except by dissolving Parliament before the normal end of the session, would place a tremendous strain on the government, and the opposition for the Imperial and Economic Conference to take place in London, Eng., in September.

An interval of 60 days between the dissolution of Parliament and polling is necessary under the Election Act and it is unlikely that the present session of Parliament will end before June 15. Allowing another week to clean up the work of the session, it is clear that an election could not be held until the latter part of August, or the first of September.

On the whole, the opinion here is adverse to a general election and the prospects are that there will not be one unless the opposition declines to permit the government to carry out its program to go through. If the opposition obstruct the budget to a point where the government is seriously dragged out, then it is possible that an immediate appeal to the electors will take place.

## Two Vancouver Teachers Drowned

One Sacrificed Life In Attempt To Rescue Friend

North Vancouver, B.C.—J. A. Hyndman, Vancouver, and F. E. Lothian, Vancouver, teachers in Lynbrook school, Vancouver, perished in Carlton beach before the eyes of 18 girl pupils they had taken for a mountain hike.

Mr. Lothian sacrificed his life in a gallant attempt to inspect the giant log bridge when Mr. Hyndman lost his balance halfway across and fell into the boiling current.

Without hesitation, Mr. Lothian plunged into the swollen creek, to rescue his friend, before he was swept over the falls and perished.

**Will Inspect Airships**

London, Eng.—Dr. Hugh Bekker, master of the Great Republic, who came to London after landing from the United States at Southampton, has been ordered to inspect the giant British ships R-100 and R-101, and is going to Cardington where the former is now being prepared for a flight to Canada.

**Starts New Air Service**

New York, N.Y.—Still blaring new air trails, Col. Charles A. Lindbergh has inaugurated the new trans-Atlantic Airways by making a dawn-to-dusk flight from Havana to Cristobal, Canal Zone.

## FRENCH MOTOR EXPERT



Miss Amalacia Norden is probably the most efficient woman in all of France when it comes to knowing her A B C's of motors. Whether they are automobile, aeroplane, marine or any other variety of engine, Miss Norden knows much if not more, about them than many so-called male experts.

## To Guide Huge Airships

Weather Report For R-100 Will Be Sent From Toronto

Toronto, Ont.—The giant British airship, R-100, on its trans-Atlantic trip to Montreal this month, will be guided by weather reports it will receive from the Canadian meteorological bureau's headquarters, Toronto. Those on board will know what kind of weather lies ahead of them. A few days prior to the ship's departure the bureau will commence supplying detailed meteorological data, and will continue to do so until the airship reaches Canada. The Canadian weather service, aided by similar English bureaus, will assume full responsibility of the giant air liner until it reaches the Montreal mooring mast.

## French Flier Honored

Notable Figures In Aviation Attend Funeral In New York

New York, N.Y.—Representatives of the French Government and notable figures in the field of aviation, including Col. Charles A. Lindbergh, paid their last respects to Count Henri de la Vaux, president of the Federation Aeronautique Internationale, who was killed in an accident at Woodbury, while military promotion was for a long time a slow matter for Gordon Guggisberg, his birthplace being Toronto.

Col. Charles A. Lindbergh, a distinguished career in the war and before and after the war served his king in the east, in Africa and in South America. Sir Gordon was a graduate of the Royal Military College at Sandhurst, and while military promotion was for a long time a slow matter for Gordon Guggisberg, his birthplace being Toronto.

**Coming To Canada**

British National Union Sending Party Of Farmers On Tour

London, Eng.—The British National Union of Farmers is sending a party of farmers to tour Canada during August and September. The tour is being organized to talk largely of British agriculture being "behind the times," and it is hoped the interchange of ideas which will result from the visit may be of value to the party while it is possible they may also be able to give assistance to the Canadian farmer on the soil with which those of the homeland have had more experience than the farmers of the new world.

**Pilot For Prince Killed**

Cairo, Egypt.—Aeroplane in which the Prince of Wales travelled here from Khartoum crashed at Helio-polis aerodrome shortly after taking to its return flight to Khartoum. Its occupants were killed. The victims were Pilot Officer K. S. Barron and Aircraftman C. Davies.

## Investigating Project Of Air Mail From Great Britain To Winnipeg

Service Starts May Third

Mixed Train On Hudson Bay Road Between The Pas and Herchmer

Winnipeg.—Commencing Saturday, May 3, a twice-a-week mixed freight and passenger train service will be placed in operation over the Hudson Bay Railway between The Pas and Herchmer (Mile 412). It was announced by R. Creelman, passenger traffic manager of the western region of the Canadian National Railways. The trains will leave The Pas on Tuesdays and Saturdays. Returning, these trains leave Herchmer on Tuesdays and Fridays.

Mixed trains will also be operated beyond Herchmer to Churchill, but not for carrying passengers, only for freight. Beyond Herchmer the trains will carry only such passengers whose official duties make it necessary for them to proceed to Churchill. No accommodation is available at Churchill for the housing of ordinary visitors, and the construction department of the railroad, which still holds control of the line, would not permit the trains to proceed beyond Mile 412 without a special permit.

## Noted Soldier Dead

Sir Gordon Guggisberg Served Empire In Many Ways

London, Eng.—Few men have had a more versatile career or a greater number of honors conferred upon them than Sir Gordon Guggisberg, noted soldier and colonial administrator, whose death here came as a shock to official circles. Sir Gordon had been governor of British Guiana since 1928. He was 60 years of age and Canadian-born, his birthplace being Toronto.

Sir Gordon Guggisberg had a distinguished career in the war and before and after the war served his king in the east, in Africa and in South America. Sir Gordon was a graduate of the Royal Military College at Sandhurst, and while military promotion was for a long time a slow matter for Gordon Guggisberg, his birthplace being Toronto.

**Conference Of Premiers Indefinitely Postponed**

Original Date Not Convenient For All Officials

Winnipeg, Man.—Parley of prairie provinces, Premier Bracken of Manitoba, Premier Brown of Saskatchewan, and Premier Maclellan of Alberta, who had been expected to meet at Winnipeg, have decided to postpone the conference indefinitely. The original date—April 26—was found not to be convenient for all officials concerned. It was when the prairie premiers do gather at Winnipeg, their season will be preliminary to the Dominion conference, at which the provinces will be represented. Such a conference is planned for mid-summer at Ottawa.

**Government To Complete Legislation On Resources Before Considering Budget**

Ottawa, Ont.—Legislation dealing with the return of the natural resources to the western provinces will be dealt with by parliament before the budget is brought down.

This was stated by Premier Maclellan King at the conclusion of a cabinet meeting. The prime minister said that it had been hoped to dispose of this legislation, which has for its object return of the natural resources to Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, as well as the lands in the Peace River block and railway belt to British Columbia, before the House of Commons had not been able to pass through the legislature.

When the budget comes down, when parliament resumed, before the introduction of the budget.

There is no doubt that the budget will come down, to a certain extent, on the progress which is made with this legislation. The prime minister made no announcement as to when the meeting of the finance minister may be expected.

While Mr. King gave no intimation to this effect, it is assumed that the importance of the natural resources legislation has prompted the government to try and get it through before the budget comes down.

Once the budget is introduced in the House, debate on it will be practically continuous, probably for some weeks.

There is also the possibility of the budget debate becoming so strenuous that dissolution of parliament might be precipitated. In that event the natural resources legislation would fall to the wayside, and the work which has been done might be of little avail.

The House of Commons had not been able to pass through the legislature.

When the budget comes down, when parliament resumed, before the introduction of the budget.

There is no doubt that the budget will come down, to a certain extent, on the progress which is made with this legislation.

The prime minister made no announcement as to when the meeting of the finance minister may be expected.

While Mr. King gave no intimation to this effect, it is assumed that the importance of the natural resources legislation has prompted the government to try and get it through before the budget comes down.

Once the budget is introduced in the House, debate on it will be practically continuous, probably for some weeks.

There is also the possibility of the budget debate becoming so strenuous that dissolution of parliament might be precipitated. In that event the natural resources legislation would fall to the wayside, and the work which has been done might be of little avail.

Ottawa.—Possibilities of a two-day air route between Great Britain and central Canada are being canvassed by a group of men interested in aviation and in empire transportation.

Col. J. H. Ralston, Minister of National Defence, told the Aviation League of Canada at the annual banquet of that organization here. In order to ascertain if such a route is feasible, the number of this year's year proceeding to Greenland to spend twelve months in that northern region, surveying the ice-cap for landing fields and studying meteorological conditions.

The route would be via Scotland, the Faroe Islands, Iceland, Greenland and Hudson Bay to Winnipeg.

Substantial progress in the affairs of the Aviation League was reported at the annual meeting of that body here. Since its inception, Major-General J. H. Macbride, C.B., president of the league, told the gathering, 11 branches had been established throughout the country extending from Vancouver, B.C., to Halifax, N.S. In some cases the league was amalgamating with local flying clubs, a feature which tended towards strengthening both organizations. Plans for inaugurating a membership campaign would be got under way shortly.

## Alberta's Election Date Set

June 19 Is Day Selected According To Official Announcement

Edmonton, Alberta.—The provincial election will be held on Thursday, June 19. Official announcement of the date was made by Hon. George Hoadley, acting premier, speaking for Premier Brodie, who is at present at Vancouver.

The U.F.A. government still has one year of its five-year term to serve, but the calling of an election has not been entirely unexpected as there have been rumors for some time that this would be done.

The following statement was issued by George Hoadley, on behalf of Premier Brodie, in announcing the election: "The U.F.A. government still has one year of its five-year term to serve, but the calling of an election has not been entirely unexpected as there have been rumors for some time that this would be done. The following statement was issued by George Hoadley, on behalf of Premier Brodie, in announcing the election: "The U.F.A. government still has one year of its five-year term to serve, but the calling of an election has not been entirely unexpected as there have been rumors for some time that this would be done."

**Conference Of Premiers Indefinitely Postponed**

Original Date Not Convenient For All Officials

Winnipeg, Man.—Parley of prairie provinces, Premier Bracken of Manitoba, Premier Brown of Saskatchewan, and Premier Maclellan of Alberta, who had been expected to meet at Winnipeg, have decided to postpone the conference indefinitely. The original date—April 26—was found not to be convenient for all officials concerned. It was when the prairie premiers do gather at Winnipeg, their season will be preliminary to the Dominion conference, at which the provinces will be represented. Such a conference is planned for mid-summer at Ottawa.

**Government To Complete Legislation On Resources Before Considering Budget**

Ottawa, Ont.—Legislation dealing with the return of the natural resources to the western provinces will be dealt with by parliament before the budget is brought down.

This was stated by Premier Maclellan King at the conclusion of a cabinet meeting. The prime minister said that it had been hoped to dispose of this legislation, which has for its object return of the natural resources to Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, as well as the lands in the Peace River block and railway belt to British Columbia, before the House of Commons had not been able to pass through the legislature.

When the budget comes down, when parliament resumed, before the introduction of the budget.

There is no doubt that the budget will come down, to a certain extent, on the progress which is made with this legislation.

The prime minister made no announcement as to when the meeting of the finance minister may be expected.

While Mr. King gave no intimation to this effect, it is assumed that the importance of the natural resources legislation has prompted the government to try and get it through before the budget comes down.

Once the budget is introduced in the House, debate on it will be practically continuous, probably for some weeks.

There is also the possibility of the budget debate becoming so strenuous that dissolution of parliament might be precipitated. In that event the natural resources legislation would fall to the wayside, and the work which has been done might be of little avail.

The House of Commons had not been able to pass through the legislature.

When the budget comes down, when parliament resumed, before the introduction of the budget.

There is no doubt that the budget will come down, to a certain extent, on the progress which is made with this legislation.

The prime minister made no announcement as to when the meeting of the finance minister may be expected.

While Mr. King gave no intimation to this effect, it is assumed that the importance of the natural resources legislation has prompted the government to try and get it through before the budget comes down.

Once the budget is introduced in the House, debate on it will be practically continuous, probably for some weeks.

There is also the possibility of the budget debate becoming so strenuous that dissolution of parliament might be precipitated. In that event the natural resources legislation would fall to the wayside, and the work which has been done might be of little avail.



## Major Developments In Canada's Air Mail Service Attracting Great Attention

Canada, with her vast area and widely scattered population, is advantageously situated to derive the greatest benefits from the development of internal air mail service. The great distances which separate the principal urban centres and the steady and broad-fronted advance in settlement and development serve to render postal communication by air peculiarly valuable in the Dominion. In addition, the Post Office Department of Canada has entered into a reciprocal arrangement with the United States postal authorities whereby Canada may take full advantage of the extensive United States air mail services connecting with points in Mexico, the West Indies and Central and South America.

The establishment of Canada's official air post services is of comparatively recent date, but the conveyance of mail matter by air within Canada has been an actual fact for over ten years. In the early days of mail transportation by air, the Post Office Department, as a temporary measure, gave permission to the operating aviation companies to carry letters, entirely at the sender's risk and subject to a small fee ranging from five cents to twenty-five cents per letter, in addition to the regular postage. This fee was retained by the operating company. The successful operation of numerous "flicker" services demonstrated beyond question the essential practicability of air mail transport in the Dominion, for these by air routes conducted in many cases under considerable operating difficulties although not on hard-and-fast schedules.

Civil aviation in Canada assumed proportions in 1927 which justified the Post Office Department in utilizing the facilities available for the fast transport of mails, not only to remote areas but between the larger centres of population. Service of this latter type had of course to be scheduled on definite time schedules and this involved a much greater problem. As a beginning a service was inaugurated by which incoming British mails were taken from trans-Atlantic steamers and transferred by air to Montreal, thus considerably hastening their delivery. Later, on October 1, 1928, a service of this frequency was established between Montreal and Toronto, and on the same day an international air mail route was opened between Montreal, P.Q., and Albany, N.Y. On July 15, 1929, the Montreal-Toronto route was extended to Detroit, via Hamilton, London, and Windsor, Ontario, and thus a point of contact with the United States air mail route was established. In addition to providing the most densely populated portion of Ontario with speedy air mail service, on the same date a still further connection with southern air travel was provided by the establishment of daily service of the Toronto and Buffalo, notwithstanding the difficulties of operation in the Maritime Provinces—scarcely of suitable landing fields, densely wooded areas, broken country, and fog—the Postmaster-General inaugurated a service early in December, 1929, between Montreal, Quebec, Moncton, and Saint John.

The next major development in Canadian Air Mail Service was the inauguration of the trans-prairie route on March 3, 1930. Planes are now operating daily between Winnipeg, Regina, Moose Jaw, Medicine Hat, and Calgary, and between Regina, Saskatoon, Swift, Battleford, and Edmonton on a schedule which clips a full twenty-four hours off the transcontinental movement of Canadian mails. This not only constitutes a marked advance towards the coast-to-coast service which is being developed link by link, but also facilitates intercommunication between the provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan, and Manitoba.

It is in the outlying portions of the



"What had taste. One does not wear yellow trousers with a morning coat."—Hummel, Hamburg.

W. N. U. 1835

## Still In Experimental Stage

Difficulties Have Cropped Up In Connection With Battery

A recent report of the Dominion Experimental Farm would indicate that another much heralded innovation in the poultry industry is not destined to any great success. During the past two or three years, the battery system of brooding chickens has gained some prominence in Canada, the principle being that of raising chickens in a uniformity and correctness in metal batteries. These batteries are simply crates placed one on top of the other with a wire floor and equipped with troughs for water and feed. Beneath the wire floor are papers to catch the droppings and which are easily removed and burned.

The advantages of such a system are quite obvious, it is really a factory of mass production of chickens. One can look after a large number of the babies and the wire floors make for complete sanitation. Temperature and risks are eliminated, spread of disease is minimized, and the feed and water troughs, which are placed outside the wire walls of the compartment are easily kept clean.

But some difficulties have cropped up and it would seem from a report that they are serious ones. In the first place, a temperature that suits day-old chicks, is too high for the older broilers. Some considerable trouble has developed from chicks getting caught in the wire doors as might be supposed, and last but not least, it was found that from four to six weeks is the oldest that chicks can be handled in this manner. Chicks and nervousness then develops in the chicks, and the mortality becomes high. The report concludes that the battery system is still in the experimental stage and that at present will find its greatest use under hatchery conditions for the short time holding of chicks.

## Willing To Take Chance

Norman Derham, who swam the English Channel in 1926, has written to Knute Johnsson, a young Scandinavian, who proposes to cross the Atlantic in a speed boat, offering him his services as a companion, for whom Johnsson has been advertising.

Via—An empty champagne bottle seems so fatherless.  
Mill—What do you mean?  
Via—It's lost its pop.

It costs from \$1,600 to \$2,000 per mile to send a road.

## Mature Corn For Silage

**Superiority Over Immature Corn**  
Proved By Tests  
The superiority of silage from mature over immature corn is clearly demonstrated by tests conducted at the Dominion Experimental Farm, at Brandon, Manitoba. In a series of tests in which a group of six cows were fed alternately, mature and immature corn silage, a marked increase in the volume of milk produced, and in respect to gain in body weight, was shown by the group fed mature corn silage. The relative feed values shown by laboratory tests are—For mature corn 68.1 per cent. ash; for immature corn 2.77 per cent. protein, 51 per cent. fat, 16.63 carbohydrates, 9.27 fibre, and 1.62 per cent. ash; for immature corn the moisture content was 82.6 per cent., protein 1.71 per cent, fat .91 per cent, carbohydrates 7.74, fibre 5.45, and ash 1.39 per cent.

## Must Use Percentage Of Domestic Flour

**Legislation Is In Force In Five European Countries**  
State legislation requiring millers to use a certain percentage of domestic flour in making of bread is in force in Germany, France, Spain, Switzerland and Portugal, states Hon. G. M. Gilett, secretary of the overseas trade department, in a written answer to a question in connection with the proposal that the British loaf should contain a statutory proportion of British-grown wheat flour.

The minimum in France is as high as 97 per cent. It is declared. In Spain the minimum is 5 per cent. No percentage is fixed in Switzerland and Portugal, but millers in those countries must take delivery of a certain quantity of native wheat.

## Under Soviet Rule

It's not all "cakes and ale" in Soviet Russia, according to Zachary Bernbach, who has just received a pathetic letter from his brother in Oskre, Siberia. The brother wrote that the government had appropriated his wheat crop, bedding and furniture, leaving only 20 bushels of wheat for his family's use.

## A TITLED FLIER



Her Grace the 64-year-old Duchess of Bedford, who took off from London, on a flight to Cuxhaven, South Africa. With the duchess are two pilots and she plans to take her turn at the controls.

## Colorado Interested In World Grain Exhibition

Farmers Of Pecos District Plan To Enter Exhibit

According to the Pecos Gazette, a weekly newspaper published at the town of Pecos, Colorado, the farmers of that district are determined to demonstrate their ability to grow the best quality grain, states S. J. Latta, publicity agent for the World Grain Exhibition and Conference, to be held in Regina in 1932. They are already preparing to be represented in a number of selected classes at the World's Grain Show in 1932.

In an interesting article on this great undertaking The Gazette says: "Tentative plans are now being considered for the entrance of Pecos grown wheat, rye, barley, sweet clover, and hog millet seed and beans in the competition for the thousands of dollars in prizes offered at the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference, to be held at Regina, Saskatchewan, May 25 to August 5, 1932."

"People of Pecos feel they can favorably compete in this big show and the local Community Fair Association has already commenced to plan the details of gathering samples that will be displayed against all world comers."

In 25 years—from 1800 to 1925—the reindeer population of Alaska increased from 3,000 to 400,000.

Nearly 4,000 Christmas puddings were shipped from England to the United States last year.

## Canadian National Parks, With Wonderful Scenic Beauty, Form a Great National Asset

The coming season promises to be one of great tourist activity so far as the national parks of Canada are concerned. Officials, both of the Department of the Interior and of the railways, report an unusually large number of requests for information and advance bookings. Large numbers of inquiries have also been received in the department from motorists in practically every section of Canada and the United States, and even from Mexico. The majority of these ask for the shortest routing to Canada's national parks, a description of the different attractions, the accommodations and particularly the facilities for camping.

A comparative analysis of the vast applications shows that by all odds the strongest appeal of the parks is their scenic beauty and wilderness quality. An extract from one of the many letters which express the demand of many: "I want to visit the parks containing the prettiest mountain scenery, as I want to camp out in the wilderness and go mountain climbing."

Some of these letters reveal that the visitors know almost nothing of Canadian geography. They have heard a rumour of the greatness of the national parks of Canada and they write to ask where they are and how they can get to them. Apparently it has come to be accepted in the minds of the travelling public that the continent over that national parks represent the finest examples of magnitude, power, and beauty in nature.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union  
Fashion  
(By Eva A. Tugby)



BEAUTIFUL AFTERNOON WEAR  
All Gypsy models are created and sketches. Parts and the patterns are made in New York.  
Even though chill winds and cold may be still with us, spring is not far away and the shops are stocking up with lovely new materials. All this creates a home incentive to be thinking of new clothes and making them.

Today's model is very slimming with its V's and tiny front dip, is lovely cut for the normal and heavy figure. It can be belted at the natural waistline, or just below, in no many women prefer. A bow finishes the slender neckline, and others are attached to the waist.  
Marceline, crepe de chine, satin, are lovely tissues for this model. Navy promises to be a popular spring color, but light blues, greys, red greys, and beige are good.

This pattern may be obtained in sizes 16 to 20 and 24 to 30. It is ready for immediate delivery. It is hand cut and made in New York. Pattern price 25 cents. Be sure to fill in size of pattern. Address Pattern Department.

## How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 315 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. 1010 Size 16-20

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_

CITY \_\_\_\_\_

STATE \_\_\_\_\_

COUNTRY \_\_\_\_\_

scenery, in a setting of unspoiled primitive conditions, and their name is now sufficient guarantee of their attractiveness.

Visitors to the national parks come with various needs, some seeking health, others mere recreation, but the majority are impelled by a desire for rest and freedom. Whether they realize it or not they are usually seeking a way of escape from the increasing complexity and routine of our highly mechanized competitive life into a world of peace, solitude, and inspiring beauty. In the face of the majestic grandeur of the Rockies, the enchanting loveliness of such places as Lake Louise, the Yoho Valley, Maligne Lake or Mount Robson, a man is lifted out of a pre-occupied life into a kind of deeper satisfaction and healing of his soul. As has been said, "through wonder into joy."

Thus, in the final analysis, is perhaps the strongest appeal of the national parks. They supply something which answers to a universal craving, the desire for a new and better life of human being and which must become more deeply felt as population increases and conditions of life on the continent grow ever more artificial and restricted. Already, the world over, there is a recognition that our present mode of living is a departure from original conditions everywhere away. That is, perhaps, one reason why the recent announcement of the new national parks of the interior, that he hoped the time would soon come when there would be a national park in every province, has met with such wide approval.

The more far-sighted of our people realize that the changes which will probably come about in Canada during the next hundred years will be enormous. While Canada is already one of the great world powers in the reservation of areas for national parks, it is recognized that the needs of the future are going to be great and that the time to set aside areas of natural beauty is now, while the land is still unoccupied and primitive conditions in many parts still undisturbed.

Visitors to the national parks last year reached over half a million people and travel in the parks is only in its infancy. The creation of new parks such as the Riding Mountain park recently set aside in Manitoba, the extension and improvements of federal and provincial motor highways now under way will provide new stimuli for travel and, incidentally, bring in new wealth to the Dominion. Expenditure of visitors to the parks range from a few dollars a day to as high as \$100 per day. One visitor to the Canadian West last year revealed that in addition to hotel and transportation expenses his party of four had spent \$6,000 during a three week visit, most of it with retail firms. Every new park created becomes an addition to our capital stock and increases our power of attracting tourists. It helps to swell the tide of the prosperity of the railway and steamship companies, hotels, merchants, hotels and wholesale merchandising and it spreads over us as to affect every trade and industry.

The name national park has come to stand for such a high degree of excellence that once an area is set aside as a park, travel tends to flow to it in ever-increasing volume. Both in the returns they can give in health and happiness and in actual economic results the national parks must become an increasing national asset.

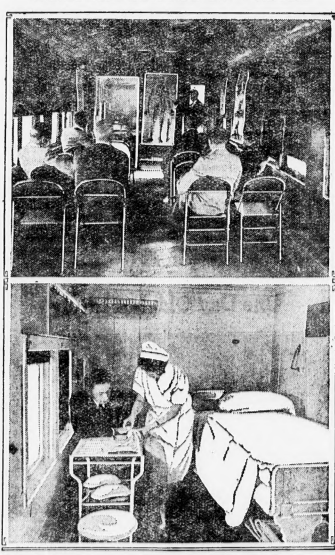
**New Method For Making Shoes**  
Factory methods used in mass production of automobiles are being introduced into leading shoe works of Erfurt, Germany. The footwear is fabricated as it is transported on trays through the factory. The inventor claims the method will reduce costs and increase production.

Submarine cables of the new world have a total of 300,000 miles.



"You look prosperous. What work do you do?"  
"I make worm holes in antique furniture."—Karikaturen, Oslo.

## FIRST AID SCHOOL ON WHEELS



With a view to extending adequate First Aid instruction to its employees in the outlying sections of the system, one of the three new First Aid cars which have just been completed for the Canadian National Railways has been placed in the Western Region for service.

Fully equipped and in charge of a competent instructor, the car will travel to outlying points, bringing courses of instruction to engine and train men, agents and construction and maintenance of way men who have ordinarily no means of obtaining this knowledge. While their primary use is for instruction, they are, as well, travelling stations ready to assist in emergency, and are the first cars of this type to go into service on a railroad in Canada.



## Welcome News For Canada

**U.S. Board Announces Plan To Take Our Money At Current Rates**

The Federal Reserve Board of the U.S. has issued the following official statement relative to U.S. exchange on Canadian currency:

"The Federal Reserve Board announced that a plan has been worked out, at the suggestion of the department of commerce, and will be put in operation for handling Canadian currency deposited with federal reserve banks, at a minimum of the actual collection charges incurred by them."

The discount on Canadian currency brought into the U.S. by travelers has frequently ranged as high as 10 and sometimes even as high as 20 per cent, at places remote from the border line. This is regarded as excessive and has given rise to some feeling in Canada, especially as U.S. currency is generally accepted at par in Canada.

"The Federal Reserve Board has taken the subject up with the federal reserve banks, and they have agreed to offer their facilities to member banks for the collection and conversion of Canadian paper currency into U.S. currency at the current rates of exchange. The federal reserve banks will absorb the cost of shipping Canadian paper currency from the member banks to their respective federal reserve banks but will deduct an allowance to cover the actual exchange charges, and the postage and shipping charges, if any, from the federal reserve banks to the points of conversion into U.S. currency. The average cost during the past three years of converting Canadian paper currency into U.S. funds, including both exchange and shipping charges, has averaged less than 1 per cent."

"This method of handling Canadian currency by the federal reserve banks, will, it is hoped, result in substantial reductions in the cost of collecting this currency. The board feels that if member banks co-operate in this matter by extending a similar service to their customers, Canadian tourists travelling in this country will find American merchants willing to accept Canadian currency at or near par."

## Best Market For United States Goods

**For Second Consecutive Year Canada Has Headed List**

Canada was shown by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States to have been the best market for United States products during 1929, for the second consecutive year and also the principal distributor of foreign products in the United States.

An analysis, based upon Department of Commerce statistics, showed that Canada's purchases of United States products totalled nearly \$1,500,000,000 and were 18.1 per cent of the total exports. They were larger by \$33,788,000 than in 1928, when Canada, for the first time, became the major buyer from the United States.

The United Kingdom was second as an export market, buying goods valued at \$857,000,000.

Imports from Canada were valued at \$104,000,000, the largest port war total, and an increase of \$14,740,000 over 1928. Japan was second in export to the United States, shipping over products valued at \$431,975,000.

## Eats Like An Ostrich

An Alsatian puppy with the ambition of an ostrich has been the cause of the consequences of his appetite at the Royal Veterinary College, in London, England. From his stomach were recovered 67 nails of various sizes, two screws, three bolts and nuts, one bolt, 16 brads, one piece of steel wire, one lump of coal, the whole weighing 13 ounces.

"I see where my time has come," said the man as he received his watch from the mail order house.

An export market, buying goods valued at \$857,000,000.

Imports from Canada were valued at \$104,000,000, the largest port war total, and an increase of \$14,740,000 over 1928. Japan was second in export to the United States, shipping over products valued at \$431,975,000.

"But you live on the other side of the road."

"Butter. Now I must walk backwards."—Wahne Jakob, Berlin.

W. N. U. 1535

## Douglas Fir Timbers Improved By Age

**Experiments Show Gain In Strength After Fifty-Five Year's Service**

Douglas fir timbers gain in strength after 55 years of service, according to E. H. McAllister, professor of mechanics, at the University of Oregon.

Professor McAllister has just completed an investigation of the timbers taken from the Hayden Bridge, a structure erected near Eugene in 1874, and has found them to be in an excellent state of preservation. The Hayden Bridge was of the old covered type and it is the professor's conclusion that Douglas fir can be preserved in sound structural condition for at least half a century by the simple expedient of keeping it covered from the weather and providing a free circulation of air.

More than 200 tests on machines which exert from 30,000 to 200,000 pounds pressure were made on the old timbers. For basis of comparison, similar tests were made on both green and seasoned pieces of the same size. The average strength was found to be in excess of the average strength of new timber in green condition, in almost every case. It was well above the average for seasoned timber that had been air dried for two or three years.

Professor McAllister's report stated that the tests proved conclusively that age does not exaggerate the influence of knots or other defects in the wood, and that tests on the small clear pieces proved that the difference and shipping charges, if any, from the federal reserve banks to the points of conversion into U.S. currency. The average cost during the past three years of converting Canadian paper currency into U.S. funds, including both exchange and shipping charges, has averaged less than 1 per cent."

## Cannibals Turning To Football and Cricket

**Natives Of Solomon Islands Greatly Interested In Sports**

Cricket and football have taken the place of murder and cannibalism as the national outdoor sport of the Solomon Islands.

Dr. C. E. Fox, in charge of the native education on the islands, has just returned to Auckland, New Zealand, with the news that the natives are beginning to forget their barbarous pastimes and to live a more orderly life.

"The Solomon Islanders make very good footballers, even though they play bare-footed," said Dr. Fox. "They are very skilful at passing and remarkably fast."

"Cricket is our national game, however," Dr. Fox added. "I do not think it will find brighter cricket in any other part of the world. We play matches of two innings a side, and the time limit is two and one-half hours. Consequently, no time is lost, and there is no such thing as playing for a long time. In one match 36 runs scored off one stroke."

The ball was hit into the sea, and square leg, who objected strenuously to chasing it, was finally thrown into the water by the other members of his team, in order to retrieve the ball. The batsmen, meanwhile, were steadily piling up the runs.

On one occasion the ball was hit into a tree, which was cut down by the fieldsmen. The rules of ball and out of bounds do not apply when a player's ball is hit into a tree. The fieldsmen on the field. They are magnificent fieldsmen, and can catch any sort of ball with ease. "Their bowling, too, is very accurate, but their hitting is naturally, rather unpolished. It is interesting to watch the batsman take catch. This is regarded as a form of ritual, for as soon as it is done, the batsman promptly steps back a bit to leg, and prepares to hit at everything."

Prince (in hotel) — Twenty-five francs for peaches! They must be scarce here.

Manager of Hotel—Your Highness, it is not peaches that are scarce, but princes.

"Ole to the fair!"

"What fair?"

"Paper says, 'Fair here today and tomorrow!'"

Excavation of Trajan's Market Place in Rome has been completed, revealing 150 stores have been found in the ancient shopping centre.

## Clean Your Seed Results Obtained More Than Pay

**After Fifty-Five Year's Service**

"As thus obtained, no shall than pure" wrote Cicero centuries ago and Bishop and mundane authors have long been of mind to use before us; and the moral is—"you may not always be able to sow the best of seed, but you can always sow clean seed."

Not only is it a well known fact that clean seed is a most effective means of preventing the spread of experimental work by the Dominion Department of Agriculture, and the Canadian Seed Growers' Association shows that clean seed pays.

There is really no excuse for a farmer not planting clean seed because if he has not the time and means for doing it himself there is, or can be, available to him competent means of cleaning his seed.

The cleaning of seed is a practice which has been followed ever since man first began to plant, the methods ranging from the primitive to the ultra-modern. We are most of us familiar with the primitive practice of holding a measure of grain or seed shoulder-high and letting it drop to the floor, the breeze carrying the chaff along with it, leaving a pile of seed on the floor of the barn. We are also familiar with another primitive practice of float-testing many types of seed, particularly mangel and sugar beet.

The ultra-modern seed cleaning methods range from the government seed cleaning machine, which is serving a part of the prairie area, to the adaptation of screens and sieves in the farming mill.

The cleaner the seed the better its quality and while you may not be able to afford No. 1 clean seed always, you can afford and will be more than repaid, to see that the seed you use is clean.

## Poultry Will Fly

**European Exhibitors For Congress Will Travel By Air**

Quite ahead of the times exhibitors at the fourth World's Poultry Congress, are already arranging an aeroplane conveyance for fancy birds which will be shown at the exhibition, and which they desire to have arrive at the Congress in the pink and trim condition. Landing services are making arrangements to deliver birds from points in Continental Europe to the Crystal Palace, as soon as the Congress officials are ready to take delivery.

To find themselves really up in the air will give the elite of the poultry world who travel in this way some thing really worth while to crow and cackle about.

**Loss Is Heavy**

Twenty-six million dollars is the price paid by farmers and poultry raisers for loss through disease in poultry flocks annually according to recent estimates. Most of this loss is caused by the loss of eggs and according to F. C. Elford, Dominion Poultry Husbandman, much of it is preventable. A good deal of it, he points out, can be eliminated by keeping young chicks away from adult birds and on absolutely clean soil.

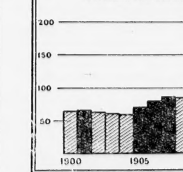
**Holland Flans Produce Airport**

Delft, Holland, will establish a farm produce airport. From it will be shipped fresh vegetables, fruits and flowers, for which the district is famous, to leading cities of Europe. Large amounts of fresh fruit, early vegetables and cut flowers have already been successfully transported by plane.

**CANADA'S REMARKABLE ADVANCE IN MINERAL PRODUCTION**

**VALUE OF CANADA'S MINERAL OUTPUT 1900-1929**

250 — THE SOLID DARK DENOTE THE SUCCESSION OF NEW HIGH LEVELS IN THE ANNUAL VALUE OF MINERAL PRODUCTION



During the thirty years embraced by the period 1900-1929 inclusive, the annual value of Canada's mineral production has on no fewer than sixteen different occasions surpassed all previous marks. While the effect of the upward trend of prices must be taken into account, especially as regards the war period, this record is nevertheless a remarkable illustration of sustained growth. It stamps the mining industry as a foremost force in the march of Canadian development during the twentieth century.

The sheer increase in value—from less than \$65,000,000 in 1900 to well over \$300,000,000 in 1929—is simply impressive in itself. But the manner in which it has been attained is no less notable. There has been a great advance in variety of output. At the opening of the century gold and coal were the only two minerals of importance. By the Dominion's present-day mining industry owes its magnitude not only to coal and gold, but to copper, nickel, lead, silver, zinc, asbestos, and, in short, to perhaps as wide a diversity of resources as any country affords to mining enterprise.

## Give Chicks A Fair Show

**If Kept In Separate Pens Results Are More Effective**

The baby chick becomes a laying pullet in about five months, but only with proper handling and when given an even break.

W. A. Brown, chief of the poultry division of the Dominion Live Stock Branch, emphasizes one thing essential to the development of pullets which will begin to lay when yearlings, that is, give them a fair show. By this he means that they must be kept separate in pens by themselves where they will not be robbed by older birds of the foods provided especially for, and so necessary to, their proper growth and development.

Poultry records show that the time-honored practice of letting chicks run with old hens does not pay and that to get effective results in respect to pullets for egg production complete separation must be provided.

To allow chicks to run with the older hens either at large or in a common pen is the biggest mistake the farmer or poultryman can make, Mr. Brown observes. It was the repeated failure in farm practice in this country to produce a profitable egg business, due to its cause. The study of the problem began in the separation of a mixed flock which was giving poor results. The old layer-hens were discarded and each age-group and type were penned separately. One incident in the early history of this separation was that egg production from the smaller number of selected hens remaining very poor, even above the total egg production of the mixed flock.

Another thing which was found from this particular experiment was that birds did best when grouped in separate pens in classes of their own age and kind. There are certain well defined stages of development in the chick, the pullet, and the hen, and where all are allowed to run together some function as they should but which is hampered by the older birds, and which can be controlled and regulated with direct regard to the well-being of each hen.

On every farm where it is desired to have laying pullets early in the season, when the price of eggs is particularly attractive, one safe rule to apply is to put baby chicks in a pen by themselves and keep them separate throughout the season. Properly fed and looked after they will become laying pullets weeks before they should were they allowed to remain in the mixed barnyard flock, and incidentally they will mature for utilization as dressed poultry if desired, much earlier than would otherwise be possible.

## Canadian Roses For China

**Bushes Numbering Thirty-Five Varieties Shipped From British Columbia**

Three hundred British Columbia rose bushes, numbering 35 varieties, have been shipped to the British Isles by the Canadian Pacific, to the already famous gardens. The bushes were contributed free of charge by the Dominion Department of Agriculture, and the Layrite Nurseries, of Victoria. The bushes were shipped to the British Isles by the Canadian Pacific, to the already famous gardens. The bushes were contributed free of charge by the Dominion Department of Agriculture, and the Layrite Nurseries, of Victoria. The bushes were shipped to the British Isles by the Canadian Pacific, to the already famous gardens.

Australia's coal strike has continued for several months.

## Turn Loss Into Gain Growing Demand For Dairy By-Products Is Increasing Revenue

**Dairy production in Canada is slowly forging ahead, but along new lines.** The Dairy and Cold Storage Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, report an increasing demand for what might be termed by-products of the dairy industry. Dairy production in Canada heretofore has been expressed largely in terms of butter, cheese and cream.

The production of butter and cheese shows a decline in volume, while "miscellaneous factory products" and "milk consumed fresh or otherwise" show a big increase, and it is this increase which is responsible for the net gain in dairy production during the past five years of over \$13,000,000. More fresh milk and cream are being used today than ever before; ice cream continues to grow in popular favor, and there is a striking increase in the amount of milk which is being processed for sale in evaporated, condensed, concentrated and powdered form.

## A Musical Feature Treat Promised For Visitors To World's Poultry Congress

By a happy coincidence, 1929 the triennial festival year, and visitors to the World's Poultry Congress, will have the unique opportunity of attending a performance of the "Musik," which will be given during the Congress week. An orchestra and choir of 2,000 voices will be in the charge of Sir Thomas Beecham, who has offered his services as conductor as a free gift. Under his direction the performance will be a contribution of the first importance, and will afford an unusual opportunity for visitors to the Congress to hear one of the world's most famous composers' works rendered on a scale and in volume which alone begins to interpret a real masterpiece of music.

## Only One Name Allowed Practice Of Giving Middle Names Once Forbidden In England

The practice of giving a middle name to children was unknown in England before the period of the Stuarts, and it did not become at all common until the nineteenth century. There was, in fact, a law on the statute books forbidding parents to give more than one name to their children. The same conditions prevailed in North America. Not a single member of the Mayflower had a middle name and there are only three among the signatories to the Declaration of Independence. The first five Presidents of the United States had one Christian name only.

## Extending Hydro System Extension of the provincial hydro system to all main centres of the province within the next three years is the aim of the Manitoba government, as outlined by Hon. D. G. McKeown, Minister of the Interior, in a statement, calling for expenditures of \$2,600,000, which includes \$802,600 for transmission lines and \$220,000 for farm services.

## Mad Fortune In Year

An Achmetian society as the product of a play "Journey End," Mr. Maurice Brown, who was unknown in theatrical circles a year ago, has purchased the Globe and Queen's theatres in the West End of London for \$10,000,000. This sum is a portion of the profits made from the play.

Hornsey, England, has banned the use of loud speakers and phonographs in stores.

## The Prevention Of Sickness

**Periodic Examination Would Save Great Numbers Of Lives**

In the Province of Ontario, one person out of every three dies ahead of his time, and at that, Ontario is no worse in this regard than the other provinces of Canada. Better in fact than most of them.

Professor Winslow, of Yale University states that 20 per cent. of all deaths in the United States Registration office could be postponed. An analysis of Ontario statistics shows that in this province 24 per cent. of all deaths could be postponed. And those statistics are official, and the analysis is that of competent health officials.

It's shocking to walk along the street knowing that every third person you meet has death leaning affectionately over his shoulder. Such wastage would be permitted in industry. What causes this gigantic wastage of human life? The answer is, just plain, human chick-headedness.

If one person in every three was examined, he would have his time in a railway crossing accident, such a public nuisance and cry would go out that within a year, grade-crossings would be eliminated, regardless of expense. A one-cut-out-of-three loss is not so dramatic as that. It is brought about by the thirty ravages of diseases, and therefore it isn't noticed. For people have not yet learned that many of the diseases that kill their children, their mothers, their wives and friends, could be prevented.

An inexcusable amount of sickness and premature death could be eliminated, regardless of expense, if it were thoroughly examined, regularly, by their physicians. There is an enormous amount of incipient diseases of many types which, being neglected in early stages, result in serious disability demanding hospital care, and often resulting in death.

One of our leading public health authorities says: "Sickness costs Canada \$31,000,000 annually. The loss of future earnings through premature death is conservatively estimated at one billion dollars a year."

It is a frightful child-slayer. Have you taken advantage of toxoid to protect your children, or may they be among the 12,000 Canadian children who die each year? Yet science offers you a toxoid treatment to make you and your children immune to diphtheria. This disease is a frightful child-slayer. Have you taken advantage of toxoid to protect your children, or may they be among the 12,000 Canadian children who die each year? Yet science offers you a toxoid treatment to make you and your children immune to diphtheria. This disease is a frightful child-slayer.

Typhoid fever kills 100 people in Canada in 1927. Yet typhoid fever is absolutely preventable by means within the reach of everyone.

Tuberculosis—8,000 people died of tuberculosis during 1927. Yet we have cut the death rate from this scourge in half during the past 25 years, and we can absolutely eliminate it with adequate health machinery.

Cancer—early treatment (which is assured to anyone taking the trouble to undergo an annual or semi-annual examination) guarantees success in curing cancer, in many cases.

Veneral diseases—the organized and successful attack that this country is making upon venereal diseases is an utterly convincing proof of the progress that can be made in disease-control when all forces of the state combine in a necessary undertaking.

## Japan's Oldest Temple

There is still standing in Nara a Buddhist temple, Horyu-ji, the oldest in Japan, built more than three hundred years ago, but built of wood, perhaps the oldest wooden structure in the world. It is filled with priceless art treasures. Its yellow-tinted bells seem to speak of romantic moments of long ago. Of the days when Nara was at the height of its glory, and when men of genius were laying the foundations of the nation's art and literature.

Nitrate used in making fertilizer can be the most important by-products from coal.

"You don't wear your glasses now?"

"No need with the present women's fashions."—Luistige Blätter, Berlin.

"But you live on the other side of the road."

"Butter. Now I must walk backwards."—Wahne Jakob, Berlin.

Excavation of Trajan's Market Place in Rome has been completed, revealing 150 stores have been found in the ancient shopping centre.

W. N. U. 1535







## THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

Published in the interests of  
Empress and District  
Subscription price \$2.00 per  
year to any part of Canada  
or Great Britain.  
\$2.50 to the United States

R. S. Sexton Proprietor A. Harkin

Thursday, May 29, 1930

The Budloss Centre is announced for June 6.

Mrs. T. Wallace, of Calgary, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Brodie.

E. McGill, has been very ill during the past week, but is now making improvement.

"The Kiss" a Greta Garbo dramatic photoplay, is the feature picture at the theatre this week.

The Ladies of the Congregation will hold their monthly meeting at the home of Mrs. E. McInnes, on Thursday, June 5, at 3 p.m.

Contractors for the cement work of the railway crosses east of Estuary, arrived in town, Wednesday.

The regular monthly meeting of the I.O.D.E., will be held at the home of Mrs. Don McInnes, on Tuesday afternoon, June 4, at 3:00 p.m.

R. H. Elliott, of Canmore, weed inspector for the Elley East area, arrived in town on Wednesday, by car, with his wife and family. They have taken up residence in the S. G. Clarkson house.

An independent nominating convention held at Buffalo, for Empress constituency on Monday, Mr. Mantz of Hilda, Sask. is reported to have received the nomination as candidate for this riding.

## It's My Stomach

Food plays an important part in the maintaining and securing of health. We are told that we should eat to live and not live to eat, which is one way of saying that we should not eat to excess. In addition to avoiding excess, it should be taken into consideration that the body demands a well-balanced diet, which will include milk and milk products, fresh green vegetables and fruits.

Proper food and proper digestion are of an importance that cannot be over-emphasized. The stomach does its work day after day and does not very often fail to do so. It stands a fair amount of abuse without protest, and, as long as it does its work without attracting attention, we do not give much thought to this important organ.

This or discomfort in any part of the abdomen is apt to be blamed on the stomach, which is then said to be upset. Very often, the last thing eaten is thought to have disagreed with the stomach.

Renew or  
Subscribe to Your  
Local Paper

"Be loyal to your community."

Coal, Wood, Contract Work or

GENERAL

**DRAWING**  
Light or Heavy Work

Transfer to and from C.P.R.  
Depot

**E. H. FOUNTAIN**  
TRUCK SERVICE  
Phone No. 9

## Interesting Grocery Values for the Coming Week

<b>Nabob Tea</b> Black 1 lb. package <b>55c</b>	<b>Icing Sugar</b> 6 lbs. <b>48c</b>	<b>Bulk DATES, 2 1-4 lbs. .25</b> Bulk Currants, re-cleaned 2 lbs. for - - - <b>.35</b> Helmet Brand Corn Beef No. 1 tins - - - <b>.25</b> Libby's Pork and Beans 2 tins for - - - <b>.25</b>	<b>Plain OLIVES</b> Large Jars <b>37c</b>	<b>Nabob Japan Tea</b> per lb. pkge. <b>53c</b>
--	--	---	---	---

**W. R. BRODIE**

When there is discomfort or pain in the region of the stomach, there is something wrong, but it certainly does not mean that the stomach is necessarily responsible. Abnormal and diseased conditions of the stomach do occur, but most of the distress blamed on that organ is not caused primarily by the stomach.

Worry, nervous strain and anxiety are real causes of pain occurring in the upper part of the abdomen. The business man who works under tension, who hurries through his lunch, and who does not take time to relax, may expect to have an upset stomach.

The onset of many of the acute diseases is accompanied by loss of appetite, nausea and sometimes vomiting. In such cases, the stomach as an organ of the body, is affected by general diseases of the whole body.

Heart disease may mean that the supply of blood to the stomach is not sufficient to allow the stomach to do its work properly. As a result, it is difficult for the organ to digest foods which require a considerable time for the process. Under such circumstances, the use of foods which are difficult to digest may be followed by distress, but the heart, and not the stomach, is really to blame. When the stomach gets on the rampage, we should not think so much of the last thing eaten as being the cause, but rather consider this as a symptom of some condition which requires attention.

The stomach should not be abused. It is not to be expected that foods and beverages can be used indiscriminately without causing trouble in the organ which is overburdened as a result of such carelessness.

## How To Make Artificial Increase of Bees

The bees' way of making increase is to first choose the strength of the colony through the production of young bees and then to divide the force of the colony by swarming. This method is not at all satisfactory to the modern beekeeper because it usually occurs just prior to or during the main

honey flow and as the swarm that leaves the hive consists of practically the entire working force of the colony, the prospect of a crop from the colony thuswarming is shattered. Furthermore, there is also danger of the swarm absconding for parts unknown, thus adding to the loss of the beekeeper. Natural swarming can be prevented and increase made without loss of bees or honey. In Eastern Canada and British Columbia it is not wise to make an increase of colonies before the main honey flow has well started.

ed except in localities where the main honey flow comes late in the season or where increase is of first importance. In the Prairie Provinces where the main flow comes during late July and August it is quite safe to divide strong colonies prior to the flow. Where a maximum crop of honey is desired only one increase should be made from each colony, to make more will be at the expense of the crop. To make increase in localities where the main flow comes early, remove from the colony two or

three frames of emerging brood with the adhering bees and place them on a new hive on a new stand and introduce to the new hive a laying queen. Do this during the first week of the main honey flow. The field bees will return to the parent colony, while the new one will

build up in time for the winter. When the flow is late and strong colonies are divided early make the division more equal.

For other methods of making artificial increase, consult Bulletin No. 33 of the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

## JOB PRINTING

Visiting Cards, Business Cards  
Letterheads, Statements, Envelopes, Posters, Auction Sale Posters and Commercial Printing.

Give your next order  
to the local printers.

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

## QUALITY Values

Plus Satisfactory Prices

Men's Blue Cambric Shirts

All sizes. A special buy at the low price of

**95c.**

Fine Grey Overall Pants

A good-looking dressy overall at the low price of

**1.75**

Something New in Boy's and  
Young Boy's "Whoopie" Pants

In black heavy material, with yellow trimmings. A dashing pant for the young boy at the low price of

**1.45**

Boy's "Whoopie" Shirts, sport collar, in varied patterns at low price of

**95c**

Also a number of other lines in Boy's "Whoopie" Pants, Combinations and Wind-breakers

**"Sandy" The Co thier**

We Have Received Our Summer Stock of

## GASOLINE STOVES &amp; RANGES

at the following Special Prices:

Kitchen Kook Gas Range - with Low Oven.	<b>\$75.00</b>
Kitchen Kook Gas Range - 2 burner	<b>16.50</b>
Nesco Gas Range - 3 burner, with Thermos Valve	<b>34.95</b>
Coleman, High Stand, 3 burner	<b>39.75</b>
New Perfection, 3 burner - with oven.	<b>80.00</b>
Coleman Camp Stoves, 2 burner	<b>10.50</b>

Be Sure to look over our Table of Odd Lines of  
Paints and Varnish at Half Price

**R. A. POOL**

## Some Real Cash Values

Pure Plum Jam, 1 tin	<b>.45</b>
Pure Strawberry Jam, tin	<b>.55</b>
Eddy's Owl Matches, pkge.	<b>.25</b>
Market Day Prunes, 4lb. pkge.	<b>.60</b>
Market Day Raisins, "	<b>.60</b>

**DON. MacRAE**

"SERVICE and SATISFACTION"

Congoleum & Linoleum  
RUGS

See our NEW 1930 Large FACTORY BOOK, containing the Newest and Most Beautiful Patterns of Congoleums and Linoleums made.

We have hundreds of patterns to choose from. Also stocks on hand. Our PRICES ARE LOWER THAN MAIL ORDER HOUSES, as we pay freight to your station.

Free Illustrated Booklet Mailed on Request.

**ESKIN & NAIMARK**  
LEADER SASK.